MONKEY THORN

Senegalia galpinii Fabaceae

ECHO® แผ่นข้อมูลพืช

คำอธิบาย

Monkey thorn is a tall (20 to 30 m), long-lived deciduous tree of Eastern and Southern Africa. Trunks grow to 2 m wide, supporting a wide (10 m), rounded canopy. Young trees have a light-colored (whitish yellow) bark that darkens over time. Branches have pairs of hooked thorns, creamy white flowers, and long reddish purple pods. The leaves allow some sunlight to reach the ground. Leaves are shed during the cool dry season.

ที่มา

South and East Africa

ផ្លុំខ្មែ

Monkey thorn is a valuable timber tree used for construction and fencing. Its flowers attract bees for honey production, and the pods are eaten by livestock and wildlife. It is a soil nitrogen fixing species. It is also sometimes planted as an ornamental tree.

ชื่อสามัญ

- อังกฤษ
 - Monkey Thorn

การเพาะปลูก

Cultivation -

- Elevation 350-1500 m
- Rainfall 450-2000 mm/year
- Soil Types Loam or clay soils
- Temperature Range mean of 27 C (where established trees were found in Madagascar); somewhat frost tolerant
- Day Length Sensitivity Not a significant factor
- Light Prefers full sun

Monkey thorn is drought resistant and grows quickly, often reaching a height of 3 m after three years. It is a pioneer species well suited to afforestation. It is easily propagated from seeds, which germinate best if soaked overnight in hot water before planting.

การเก็บเกี่ยวและการผลิตเมล็ดพันธุ์

Young trees can be coppiced. Trunks and branches of mature trees can be sawn into planks. Harvest pods when dry on the tree.

ศัตรูพืชและโรค

The wood is described as fairly resistant to termites; however, the sapwood is attacked by *Lyctus* borers and blue stain fungi.

การปรุงอาหารและโภชนาการ

It is not considered edible.

การอ้างอิง

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